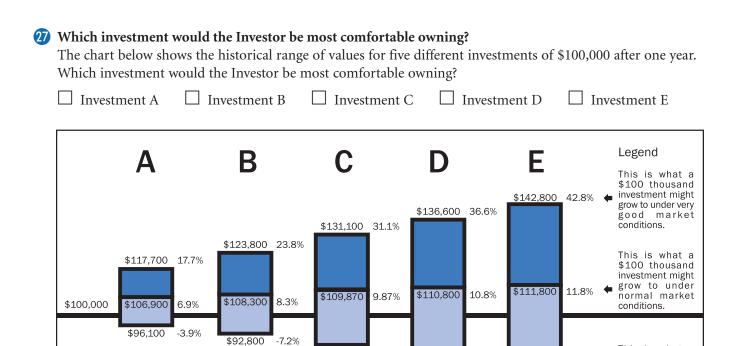
Individual/Family Questionnaire

Investor Name:			
Date:			

Risk Tolerance

20	Des	scribe the I	nvestor's knowle	dge of investmen	ıts.					
		None	☐ Limited	Good		Extensive				
4	Wh	at is the In	vestor's investm	ent temperment?						
	☐ Investor is more interested in conserving capital than in seeking growth. Investor prefers to accept moderate income and little or no growth in exchange for stability and minimum risk.									
			nderstands that in accept moderate tential.		_			•		
			nderstands that in to be more aggres turn.		_			•		
22	gre	ater the ris	t decision involve k of high volatili portant investme	ty of results, incl		_	_			
		Investor is	mainly influence	ed by the potentia	ıl gai	n.				
	☐ Investor is more influenced by the potential gain than by the potential loss.									
	☐ Investor is more influenced by the potential loss than by the potential gain.									
		Investor is	mainly influence	ed by the potentia	ıl los	S.				
23		nich of the f estment po	following would ortfolio?	best describe the	Inve	estor's reacti	on to shor	t-term flu	ctuations i	n this
		Investor w	ould be extremel	y uneasy about ai	ny flu	uctuations in	the value of	of the inve	estment por	tfolio.
			ould be very cond but not to the ext		rt-te	rm fluctuatio	ons in the v	alue of th	e investmen	t
		Investor we	ould have some c	oncern about sho	ort-te	erm fluctuatio	ons in the v	alue of th	e investmen	t portfolio.
		Investor we portfolio.	ould have very lit	tle concern abou	t sho	ort-term fluct	uations in	the value	of the inves	tment

Investor would rather be out of the stock market when it goes down than in the market when it goes up (i.e. Investor cannot live with the volatility of the stock market). Investor would rather be in the stock market when it goes down than out of the market when it goes up (i.e. Investor may not like the idea, but they can live with the volatility of the stock market in order to earn market returns). If the Investor could increase their chances of achieving all of their goals by taking more risk, would they Be unlikely to take much more risk? Be willing to take a little more risk with some of their money? Be willing to take a little more risk with all their money? Be willing to take a lot more risk with all their money? Whow long would the Investor be prepared to recover from a downward fluctuation in the portfolio? Except for the Great Depression, the longest time investors have had to wait after a market crash or a really bad market decline for their portfolio to return to its earlier value has been: 4 years for stock and 2 years for bond investments. Knowing this, and knowing that it is impossible to protect an Investor from an occasional loss if the Investor chooses to invest at least some of their portfolio in stocks, please check one of the following to indicate how long the Investor would be prepared to wait out a downward fluctuation in their portfolio: Less than one year.* Between one and two years.* Between two and three years.* Over three years. * If the Investor's goals as a result of not being willing to accept risk? Yes	24	Please choose the statement that best reflects the Investor:
(i.e. Investor may not like the idea, but they can live with the volatility of the stock market in order to earn market returns). If the Investor could increase their chances of achieving all of their goals by taking more risk, would they Be unlikely to take much more risk? Be willing to take a little more risk with some of their money? Be willing to take a little more risk with all their money? Be willing to take a lot more risk with all their money? Whow long would the Investor be prepared to recover from a downward fluctuation in the portfolio? Except for the Great Depression, the longest time investors have had to wait after a market crash or a really bad market decline for their portfolio to return to its earlier value has been: 4 years for stock and 2 years for bond investments. Knowing this, and knowing that it is impossible to protect an Investor from an occasional loss if the Investor chooses to invest at least some of their portfolio in stocks, please check one of the following to indicate how long the Investor would be prepared to wait out a downward fluctuation in their portfolio: Less than one year.* Between one and two years.* Between two and three years.* Over three years. * If the Investor selected a period of three years or less, is the Investor prepared to substantially reduce the Investor's goals as a result of not being willing to accept risk?		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
 □ Be unlikely to take much more risk? □ Be willing to take a little more risk with some of their money? □ Be willing to take a little more risk with all their money? □ Be willing to take a lot more risk with all their money? ☑ How long would the Investor be prepared to recover from a downward fluctuation in the portfolio? Except for the Great Depression, the longest time investors have had to wait after a market crash or a really bad market decline for their portfolio to return to its earlier value has been: 4 years for stock and 2 years for bond investments. Knowing this, and knowing that it is impossible to protect an Investor from an occasional loss if the Investor chooses to invest at least some of their portfolio in stocks, please check one of the following to indicate how long the Investor would be prepared to wait out a downward fluctuation in their portfolio: □ Less than one year.* □ Between one and two years.* □ Between two and three years.* □ Over three years. * If the Investor selected a period of three years or less, is the Investor prepared to substantially reduce the Investor's goals as a result of not being willing to accept risk? 		(i.e. Investor may not like the idea, but they can live with the volatility of the stock market in order to
□ Be willing to take a little more risk with some of their money? □ Be willing to take a little more risk with all their money? □ Be willing to take a lot more risk with all their money? **How long would the Investor be prepared to recover from a downward fluctuation in the portfolio? Except for the Great Depression, the longest time investors have had to wait after a market crash or a really bad market decline for their portfolio to return to its earlier value has been: 4 years for stock and 2 years for bond investments. Knowing this, and knowing that it is impossible to protect an Investor from an occasional loss if the Investor chooses to invest at least some of their portfolio in stocks, please check one of the following to indicate how long the Investor would be prepared to wait out a downward fluctuation in their portfolio: □ Less than one year.* □ Between one and two years.* □ Between two and three years. * If the Investor selected a period of three years or less, is the Investor prepared to substantially reduce the Investor's goals as a result of not being willing to accept risk?	25	If the Investor could increase their chances of achieving all of their goals by taking more risk, would they
□ Be willing to take a little more risk with all their money? □ Be willing to take a lot more risk with all their money? **How long would the Investor be prepared to recover from a downward fluctuation in the portfolio? Except for the Great Depression, the longest time investors have had to wait after a market crash or a really bad market decline for their portfolio to return to its earlier value has been: 4 years for stock and 2 years for bond investments. Knowing this, and knowing that it is impossible to protect an Investor from an occasional loss if the Investor chooses to invest at least some of their portfolio in stocks, please check one of the following to indicate how long the Investor would be prepared to wait out a downward fluctuation in their portfolio: □ Less than one year.* □ Between one and two years.* □ Between two and three years. * If the Investor selected a period of three years or less, is the Investor prepared to substantially reduce the Investor's goals as a result of not being willing to accept risk?		☐ Be unlikely to take much more risk?
Be willing to take a lot more risk with all their money? How long would the Investor be prepared to recover from a downward fluctuation in the portfolio? Except for the Great Depression, the longest time investors have had to wait after a market crash or a really bad market decline for their portfolio to return to its earlier value has been: 4 years for stock and 2 years for bond investments. Knowing this, and knowing that it is impossible to protect an Investor from an occasional loss if the Investor chooses to invest at least some of their portfolio in stocks, please check one of the following to indicate how long the Investor would be prepared to wait out a downward fluctuation in their portfolio: □ Less than one year.* □ Between one and two years.* □ Over three years. * If the Investor selected a period of three years or less, is the Investor prepared to substantially reduce the Investor's goals as a result of not being willing to accept risk?		☐ Be willing to take a little more risk with some of their money?
How long would the Investor be prepared to recover from a downward fluctuation in the portfolio? Except for the Great Depression, the longest time investors have had to wait after a market crash or a really bad market decline for their portfolio to return to its earlier value has been: 4 years for stock and 2 years for bond investments. Knowing this, and knowing that it is impossible to protect an Investor from an occasional loss if the Investor chooses to invest at least some of their portfolio in stocks, please check one of the following to indicate how long the Investor would be prepared to wait out a downward fluctuation in their portfolio: Less than one year.* Between one and two years.* Over three years. * If the Investor selected a period of three years or less, is the Investor prepared to substantially reduce the Investor's goals as a result of not being willing to accept risk?		☐ Be willing to take a little more risk with all their money?
Except for the Great Depression, the longest time investors have had to wait after a market crash or a really bad market decline for their portfolio to return to its earlier value has been: 4 years for stock and 2 years for bond investments. Knowing this, and knowing that it is impossible to protect an Investor from an occasional loss if the Investor chooses to invest at least some of their portfolio in stocks, please check one of the following to indicate how long the Investor would be prepared to wait out a downward fluctuation in their portfolio: Less than one year.* Between one and two years.* Over three years. * If the Investor selected a period of three years or less, is the Investor prepared to substantially reduce the Investor's goals as a result of not being willing to accept risk?		☐ Be willing to take a lot more risk with all their money?
		Except for the Great Depression, the longest time investors have had to wait after a market crash or a really bad market decline for their portfolio to return to its earlier value has been: 4 years for stock and 2 years for bond investments. Knowing this, and knowing that it is impossible to protect an Investor from an occasional loss if the Investor chooses to invest at least some of their portfolio in stocks, please check one of the following to indicate how long the Investor would be prepared to wait out a downward fluctuation in their portfolio: Less than one year.* Between one and two years.* Over three years. * If the Investor selected a period of three years or less, is the Investor prepared to substantially reduce the Investor's goals as a result of not being willing to accept risk?



Note: Range of returns assumes 95% probability of likelihood.

Which statement best reflects the Investor's attitude about investing in the equity markets?

\$88,700

-11.3%

\$85,100

-14.9%

\$80,800

-19.2%

Inc	e investor:
	is unwilling to experience any reduction in the value of their investments.
	can tolerate infrequent, very limited declines (less than 5%) through difficult phases in a stock market cycle.
	can tolerate limited declines (5-10%) through difficult phases in a stock market cycle.
	can tolerate periods of moderately negative returns (declines of 10-15%) to achieve potentially higher investment returns and recognizes and accepts that negative returns could persist for a year and possibly longer.
	can tolerate periods of significant negative returns (greater than 20%) for the chance to maximize their long term returns and recognizes and accepts that negative returns could persist for a year and possibly longer.

29 Risk Tolerance Scoring Result

Not applicable, see online questionnaire.

This is what a \$100 thousand

investment might

grow to under poor market conditions.